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From Saturday Auguſt 6. to Tuesday Auguſt 9. 1709.

At the Court at Windſor, Auguſt 8, 1709.

PRESENT,

The Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHereas a number of the poor diſtreſſed Proteſtant Palatines are this Day ſet out for Cheſter in their way to Ireland according to the following Rout; Her Majeſty, with the Advice of Her Privy-Council, is pleaſed to Order, That all Mayors, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Magiſtrates, be aiding and aſſiſting to them, ſo that they may be kindly entertained, and civilly uſed in the ſeveral Places upon the Road.

Chriſ. Musgrave.

Rout the Waggons are to keep.

From London to Barnet	10	Miles.
St. Albans	10	
Dunſtable	10	
Brickhill	7	
Foſter	13	
Daventry	10	
Coventry	14	
Colſhell	8	
Litchfeild	12	
Stone in Staffordſhire	16	
Nantwich	16	
Cheſter	14	
	140	Miles.

Whitehall, Auguſt 3. By Order of the Right Honourable the Lords and others, her Majeſty's Commiſſioners for receiving and diſpoſing of the Mony to be collected for the Subſiſtance and Settlement of the poor Palatines: Notice is hereby given, That they having determined to ſend five hundred Families of the ſaid Palatines with their Goods to Ireland by way of Cheſter, they will allow ſeven Shillings for the Carriage of every hundred weight to Cheſter; and will be ready every day at their Committee to contract with any Perſons that are willing to be imployed in carrying the ſame.

Notice is hereby likewiſe given, that all Perſons concerned in collecting the Mony on the Brief for the Relief of the ſaid Palatines, are hereby required to collect the ſame by a Book or Books, marked and ſigned by the Miniſter and Church-wardens of the reſpective Pariſhes, and to enter therein the Names of the Contributors, and the Sum by them ſeverally given in Words at length, at the time the ſame is given, and to caſt up on each Page of every Leaf the Total Sum, and to ſubſcribe the ſame on each Page, with the Hand of the Miniſter, Church-wardens, or ſuch other principal Inhabitant as attends the ſaid Collection.

Notice is hereby alſo given, That for the encouraging of Perſons and Pariſhes to receive and imploy the Palatines during the Time of Harveſt, or otherwiſe, Care ſhall be taken to provide a Fund for the Maintenance of ſuch of them as ſhall, by Sickneſs, or other Accidents, be rendred incapable of getting their Living by their Labours; and for the ſecuring ſuch Pariſhes as ſhall receive any of them, that they ſhall not become a Burthen or Charge to ſuch Pariſhes, by their being imployed or ſettled there.

H. Bendyſh.

Venice, July 24. *N. S.* Letters from Naples of the 14th Inſtant adviſe, that Cardinal Grimani, the Viceroy of that Kingdom, after a long Conference with the great Council of that City, had thought fit to defer raiſing the intended *Levies*; and his Excellency has declared that a new Tax ſhall be impoſed upon Salt and other Neceſſaries, to make up the Sum which the late Funds were not capable of producing. That City has not only taken upon them to pay the three thouſand Imperialiſts who were brought in by the Viceroy in the preſent Conjuncture of Affairs, but alſo to pay the Spaniſh Troops according to their ancient Eſtabliſhment. According to this Regulation, a Captain is to receive five Carolines a Day, a Lieutenant three, an Enſign two, the Sergeants and Private Men are provided for in proportion to this Payment allotted to their Officers. The Tradeſmen of the City had ſhut up their Shops for ſome Days, being apprehenſive of an Inſurrection among the People; but ſuch effectual Meaſures have been lately taken for preventing ſuch Diſorders, that all things now appear in their uſual Tranquility. A Privateer of Barbary having lately kept five Neapolitan Feluccaes in the Road of Abatiſco, and landed forty Men, the Governor of Otranto marched with a Detachment of the Militia againſt the Barbarians, and obliged them to reimbark, and put to Sea with great Precipitation. All ſorts of Grain have come up this Harveſt in great abundance throughout the whole Kingdom of Naples. They write from Gaeta, that four Imperial Companies are ordered to reinforce the Garriſon of Peſcara. Letters from Rome of the 13th ſay, that the Pope had lately aſſiſted at a Congregation of the Inquiſition; and had given Audience to ſeveral Perſons of Note, among others to General de Virmont, who is arrived there from Naples, and deſigns ſuddenly to ſet out for the Army in Piedmont. Theſe Letters add, that the Sequeſtration of certain Eccleſiaſtical Revenues in the Kingdom of Naples is continued, notwithſtanding his Imperial Majeſty has complied with the Court of Rome in this Particular. It is ſaid, that no Relief in that Affair will be granted, 'till the Pope has applied to his Catholick Majeſty, to remit what has been Forfeited during the late Miſunderſtanding between the Courts of Spain and Rome.

Vienna, July 24. *N. S.* Laſt Sunday Morning their Imperial Majeſties performed their Devotions in the Church of the Carmelites in the Suburbs of St. Leopold, where the Feaſt of our Lady del Carmine was celebrated, their Majeſties dining in that Monaſtery. The Empreſs Dowager and the Archdutcheſſes were preſent at the ſame Celebration in a Church at a diſtant part of the Town. The next Day the Feaſt of St. Mary Magdalene was kept with great Solemnity, and her Dowager-Majeſty bearing that Name, the Emperor and Empreſs came hither to make her the Compliments of Fælicitarion, after which they returned to the Favourite. The whole Court appeared on that occaſion in the greateſt Magnificence. Letters from Barcelona of the 29th of the laſt Month ſay, that on the 18th and 19th the Obſequies for General Richards, who was killed in Defence of the Caſtle of Alicant, were performed in the Church of St. Marie. The Governor of Barcelona invited all the Perſons of Quality in the City to aſſiſt at that Ceremony, by order of his Catholick Majeſty. On the 20th Admiral Byng arrived there with the Squadron under his Command from Port Mahon; and on the ſame Day General Staremberg came to Court from the Camp. Since the arrival of the Admiral and that General, ſeveral Conferences have been held both at Court and on Board the Fleet, at moſt of which the King himſelf was preſent. His Majeſty's Troops advanced to the Rouſſillon, and the Count d'Ulfeildt, with a Body of Horſe, marched to obſerve Roſes, and the Paſs called Col de Bannuls, from whence he returned without having met any Party of the Enemy. It was believed the Palatine Troops which lay at Figueras, had, at the time of the diſpatch of theſe Letters, penetra-

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